

RUNNYMEDE



Community Safety Partnership 2023/25

Contents

1. [Background – The Community Safety Landscape in Surrey](#)
2. [Introduction – The Runnymede Community Safety Partnership Plan](#)
3. [Legislation](#)
4. [Runnymede Community Safety Partnership Priorities 2023/25](#)
5. [Strategic Assessment and Data Collection](#)
6. [Delivery and Review Mechanism](#)
7. [Funding](#)

Version Control

Version	Date	Changes
1	August 2023	Document finalised and published

1. Background – The Community Safety Landscape in Surrey

Community safety is best described as an aspect of our quality of life in which individuals and communities are protected from, equipped to cope with, and have increased capacity to resist crime, and anti-social behaviour.

Surrey is a two-tier local authority area meaning we have a County Council and local Borough and District Councils. To meet our statutory duties, there is a county strategy group for community safety that brings together all District, Borough, and relevant partners responsible for community safety activity. Following the merger of the Surrey Community Safety Board and the Surrey Health and Wellbeing Board (HWBB) in March 2020, the HWBB now performs this function.

The Health and Wellbeing Board launched the first countywide [Community Safety Agreement](#) in 2021.

Surrey County Council has a Community Safety Team with Officers supporting the Borough and District Community Safety Partnerships (CSP's).

The Runnymede Community Safety Partnership (RCSP) is the local (Borough) community safety partnership which brings together both statutory and non-statutory strategic partners.

The Partnership is represented by the following partners:

- | | |
|--|---------------|
| • Local authority (Chair) | Statutory |
| • County Council | Statutory |
| • Police | Statutory |
| • Fire and Rescue Service | Statutory |
| • Integrated Care Board (ICB) | Statutory |
| • Probation Service | Statutory |
| • Office of the Police and Crime Commissioner | Non-Statutory |
| • PA Housing (acting as a representative for the housing sector) | Non-Statutory |
| • Local and County Councillors | Non-Statutory |
| • CrimeStoppers | Non-Statutory |

2. Introduction – Runnymede Community Safety Partnership Plan

This document sets out how the 'responsible authorities' (statutory partners) who make up the RCSP, will work together to reduce crime and disorder in Runnymede. Our priorities are shared by all statutory partners, and we work alongside community



and voluntary sector partners.

The range of problems and behaviours involved in community safety is varied and sometimes complex. This requires strong multi agency partnership working, effective communication and often complex problem-solving approaches.

This 2-year plan sets out our priorities for delivering an action plan, directing partnership resources effectively to where they are most needed.

To support delivery of our action plan, the RCSP:

- Needs commitment of partners to work together.
- Uses multi agency problem solving through operational delivery groups and ASB Case Review meetings.
- Selects and effectively uses anti-social behaviour (ASB) tools to address local issues.
- Funds targeted intervention projects and events in response to local issues.
- Has an effective communications plan.
- Coordinates the delivery of training.
- Needs effective information sharing.

Most of the activity and intervention across the Partnership is undertaken through the operational delivery groups:

- Serious Organised Crime [SOC] & Joint Action Group [JAG] (SOC/JAG)
- Joint Action Group (JAG)
- Community Harm and Risk Management Meeting (CHaRMM)
- ASB Case Review Meeting (formally known as Community Trigger Reviews)

These groups bring together frontline professionals to share information and problem solve solutions to community safety concerns. Each group has a specific focus on either vulnerable individuals, geographic cases, or types of crime, although there is some cross over between groups in managing victims and perpetrators.

We use a secure case management system called ECINS to share information and manage risks.

The successful outcomes achieved by these groups are a direct result of the commitment of all agencies to work together to reduce crime, disorder, and anti-social behaviour.

3. Legislation

The need for the RCSP and this plan is a statutory duty set out in the Crime and Disorder Act 1998, as amended by the Police Reform Act 2002 and the Police and Justice Act 2006.

The statutory role of the RCSP is:

- To assist information sharing.
- Identify local priorities.
- Coordinate a planned response to the prevention of crime, disorder, antisocial behaviour, and reoffending, at a Borough level
- Undertake Domestic Homicide Reviews (DHR)

Other relevant legislation for the RCSP includes:

- Antisocial Behaviour, Crime and Policing Act 2014
- The Domestic Abuse Act 2021
- Care Act 2014
- Counter-Terrorism and Security Act 2015 (and subsequent amendments in 2019)
- Serious Crime Act 2015
- Modern Slavery Act 2015
- Psychoactive Substances Act 2016
- The Children's Acts 2004 and more recently the Children and Social Work Act 2017

4. Runnymede Community Safety Partnership Priorities 2023/25

The RCSP has a statutory duty to produce a Community Safety Partnership Plan, which sets out the Partnership's response to address and reduce crime, disorder, and antisocial behaviour.

The RCSP have identified three key strategic priorities for 2023/25 having considered:

- What community safety is and what the impact is on our communities.
- Where joint working is the best solution to the address the problem.

1. Preventing Violence Against Women and Girls (VAWG)

Focus on promoting the StreetSafe reporting tool and responding to areas of concern.

- Goal 1: Development of StreetSafe data.

- Goal 2: Provide personal safety training sessions.
- Goal 3: Progress DHR's accordingly and share reports once finalised.

2. Antisocial Behaviour

Focus on environmental antisocial behaviour including littering, fly-tipping & noise nuisances and being cognisant to upcoming policy changes (Government ASB Action Plan)

- Goal 1: Understanding and implementing changes in line with the Government's ASB Action Plan.
- Goal 2: Review ASB data sets reported on.
- Goal 3: Promote ASB Case Reviews.

3. Water Safety

Focus on education around using bodies of water safely and appropriately.

- Goal 1: Continue to hold Water Safety event at Virginia Water.
- Goal 2: Support Junior Citizen with a water safety input.
- Goal 3: Hold addition water safety awareness raising events throughout the year.

5. Strategic Assessment and Data Collection

Annually the RCSP conducts a strategic assessment of crime and disorder and consults with the community regarding areas of concern. Following the assessment emerging partnership priorities and action plans are agreed. They are identified by an analysis of key data sets, a review of national and regional targets and draw on the knowledge and experience of local partnership officers.

6. Delivery and Review Mechanism

The Runnymede Community Safety Partnership has established delivery mechanisms through a series of multi-agency problem solving groups. These are regularly attended meetings of which some will reported back to the Runnymede Community Safety Partnership on a quarterly basis.

Partnership delivery groups include:

- SOC/JAG: The Serious Organised Crime Joint Action Group is a multi-agency meeting for problem solving options in relation to Serious Organised Crime

(SOC) themes such as County Lines, Cuckooing, Modern Slavery, and Human Trafficking. The meeting is held quarterly.

- JAG: The Joint Action Group is a multi-agency problem solving group in relation to hotspot locations for antisocial behaviour and crime. The group meets every six weeks and reports quarterly to the RCSP.
- CHaRMM: The Community Harm and Risk Management meeting is a multi-agency problem solving group which supports victims and deals with problem individuals or families in the Borough. The group meets every four weeks and reports quarterly to the RCSP.
- PPOMP: The Priority and Other Prolific Offenders Management Panel meets monthly and works with prolific offenders and fast tracks them through the Criminal Justice System.
- MAPPA: The Multi-Agency Public Protection Agreement meets monthly and monitors dangerous individuals, including sex offenders.
- MARAC: The Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conference meets fortnightly to assess high-risk domestic abuse cases to agree appropriate actions.
- RMM: The Risk Management Meeting meets weekly to monitor and risk assess missing and exploited children.
- MASH: The Surrey Multi-Agency Safeguarding Hub is the initial point of contact that aims to improve the safeguarding response for adults at risk of abuse or neglect through better information sharing and high-quality and timely responses.
- C-SPA: The Children's Single Point of Access is the front door to children's services in Surrey and provides direct information, advice, and guidance about where and how to find the appropriate support for children and families.
- Domestic Abuse Management Board meets quarterly and oversees county wide domestic abuse work, including any campaigns.
- The Family Support Programme is a programme of intensive support offered to the most vulnerable and/or chaotic families in the Borough to help them achieve positive changes in their lives.
- YES: The Youth Engagement Scheme is run by Surrey Fire and Rescue Service, aimed at addressing anti-social behaviour, youth crime, low self-esteem, and low motivation for those aged 14-17.

- Voluntary organisation networks, including Runnymede Neighbourhood Watch, Crimestoppers.

Where an issue identified is the core responsibility of one partner agency, this will be dealt with through that agency's normal business processes. This includes the local authority's plans, relevant Integrated Care Board plans, the Surrey Fire and Rescue Local Station Plan for Runnymede, and the Local Policing Plan.

7. Funding

A small amount of funding is provided by Runnymede Borough Council and made available to the RCSP to support the priorities contained within this plan, otherwise work is supported by core funding from the various partner organisations. In addition, funding bids are made, for example to the Police and Crime Commissioner's grant scheme.